Environmental Education - 2

1. Remembering:

- Define renewable and non-renewable resources.
- Recall the characteristics of solar, wind, geothermal, tidal, OTEC, hydro, and SHP energy sources.
- Identify examples of fossil fuels and nuclear energy sources.

2. Understanding:

- Explain the differences between renewable and non-renewable resources.

- Interpret the impact of using renewable and non-renewable resources on the environment.

- Describe the process of harnessing energy from solar, wind, geothermal, tidal, OTEC, hydro, and SHP sources.

3. Applying:

- Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using renewable energy sources like solar and wind power.

- Analyze the potential of geothermal and tidal energy as sustainable alternatives.

- Propose solutions for integrating renewable energy sources into everyday life and reducing dependence on fossil fuels.

4. Analyzing:

- Compare and contrast the efficiency of different renewable energy technologies.

- Critically assess the environmental implications of using non-renewable resources such as fossil fuels and nuclear energy.

- Evaluate the feasibility of transitioning to a more sustainable energy mix.

5. Evaluating:

- Judge the ethical aspects of exploiting natural resources for energy production.

- Assess the long-term sustainability of renewable energy sources compared to non-renewable resources.

- Formulate opinions on the role of policies and regulations in promoting the use of renewable energy and phasing out reliance on non-renewable resources.

6. Creating:

- Design a comprehensive plan for a community to implement a mix of renewable energy sources.

- Develop innovative strategies for increasing public awareness and education about the benefits of renewable energy.

- Formulate proposals for government initiatives to support the transition towards a more sustainable energy future.