

POLITICAL THEORY

1. Remembering:

- Define the background of liberalism and its key principles
- Recall major theories of justice in political theory
- Identify key critiques of liberalism from various perspectives

2. Understanding:

- Explain the historical development of liberalism and its impact on political thought
- Describe the different concepts of justice proposed by various political theorists
- Analyze the critiques of liberalism and their implications for political theory

3. Applying:

- Compare and contrast different theories of justice in the context of political theory
- Apply critical thinking skills to analyze and evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of liberalism and its critiques
- Apply post-Marxist, post-Modernist, and post-Colonialist perspectives to examine political theory

4. Analyzing:

- Analyze the implications of liberalism on contemporary political issues
- Evaluate the effectiveness of different theories of justice in addressing societal inequalities
- Critically analyze the critiques of liberalism and their contribution to political theory

5. Evaluating:

- Critically evaluate the relevance and applicability of liberalism in contemporary political contexts
- Evaluate the ethical implications of different theories of justice in political theory
- Assess the impact of post-Marxism, post-Modernism, and post-Colonialism on political theory

6. Creating:

- Develop a comprehensive analysis of the evolution of liberalism and its influence on political thought
- Propose alternative theories of justice that address the limitations of liberalism
- Create a nuanced perspective on political theory that integrates insights from post-Marxism, post-Modernism, and post-Colonialism.

Select Language ▼

Powered by  Google Translate

