

**C2PS230411T**

<b>Semester: IV</b>				
<b>Programme: POLITICAL SCIENCE</b>				
<b>Course: COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT &amp; POLITICS</b>				
<b>Paper code: C2PS230411T</b>			<b>Credits: 4</b>	
<b>Hours/week: 4</b>				
<b>Category: CORE (MAJOR)</b>				
<b>Theory / Practical / Composite: THEORY</b>				
<b>No of Modules: TWO</b>				
<p><b>Course Overview:</b> This course offers a foundational and comparative exploration of political systems across major global democracies and authoritarian regimes. The paper introduces key concepts, methods, and institutional structures that define modern governance. The course emphasizes critical thinking and analytical skills, enabling students to relate theoretical concepts to real-world political structures and practices</p>				
<b>Course Outcome:</b>				
1. <b>Remember-</b> the foundational concepts and terminology in comparative politics, including key principles such as Rule of Law, Separation of Powers, and Checks and Balances.				
2. <b>Understand-</b> the nature, scope, and evolution of comparative political analysis, including major approaches and methods used in the field.				
3. <b>Apply-</b> comparative frameworks to examine the structure and function of political institutions (executive, legislature, judiciary) across the UK, USA, and PRC.				
4. <b>Analyze-</b> similarities and differences in citizen rights and institutional arrangements across democratic and authoritarian systems.				
5. <b>Evaluate-</b> the effectiveness of political systems in upholding democratic principles and protecting citizen rights, using comparative criteria.				
6. <b>Create-</b> comparative models or conceptual maps that synthesize institutional features and political dynamics across different countries.				
<b>Prerequisites: <i>Basic knowledge about any prior course</i></b>				
<b>SYLLABUS</b>				
<b>UNIT/Module</b>	<b>CONTENT</b>	<b>HOURS or NUMBER OF CLASSES</b>	<b>CO Mapping</b>	<b>COGNITIVE LEVEL</b>
I.	1. Nature and Scope: An Overview 2. Approaches and Methods to Comparative Politics 3. Select key concepts - Rule of Law, Separation of Powers,	<b>26</b>	CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4 CO5 CO6	K1, K2, K3, K4, K5, K6

	Checks and Balances, and Conventions.			
II.	4. Executive (UK, USA, PRC) 5. Legislature (UK, USA) 6. Judiciary (UK, USA) 7. Rights of citizens (UK, USA, PRC)	<b>26</b>	CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4 CO5 CO6	K1, K2, K3, K4, K5, K6
<b>Text Books</b>				
1. Jeffrey Kopstein and Mark Lichbach edited, Comparative Politics---Interests, Identities, and Institutions in a Changing Global Order, Cambridge University Press, the UK, 2000, 2005 edition				
2. Todd Landman, Issues and Methods in Comparative Politics, Routledge, the USA, 2003.				
3. Martin Harrop, Rod Hague, John McCormick, Comparative Government and Politics---An Introduction, Bloomsbury, the UK, 2019 edition.				
<b>Suggested readings</b>				
1. Chatterjee, Rakhahari (2014) Introduction to Comparative Political Analysis, 3rd edition, Sarat Book House, Delhi.				
2. G. Almond et. al., (2003) Comparative Politics Today: A World View, 8 th edition, Pearson.				
<b>Evaluation: Theory</b> CIA: 30 marks (Mid-semester exam: 20+ Assignment: 5+ Attendance: 5) End semester exam :70 marks				
<b>Paper Structure for Theory Semester Exam Module:</b> Short Notes: 3 out of 5 of 5 marks each (3x5=15), Essay Type: 2 out of 4 of 10 marks each (2x10= 20) (35 marks per module) 35+35 (Module I + Module II=70); (70+30=100)				

### Course outcomes (COs) and Cognitive Level Mapping

COs	CO Description	Cognitive levels
CO1	<b>Remember:</b> the foundational concepts and terminology in comparative politics, including key principles such as Rule of Law, Separation of Powers, and Checks and Balances	<b>K1</b>
CO2	<b>Understand:</b> the nature, scope, and evolution of comparative political analysis, including major approaches and methods used in the field.	<b>K2</b>
CO3	<b>Apply:</b> comparative frameworks to examine the structure and function of political institutions (executive, legislature, judiciary) across the UK, USA, and PRC.	<b>K3</b>
CO4	<b>Analyse:</b> similarities and differences in citizen rights and institutional arrangements across democratic and authoritarian systems.	<b>K4</b>

<b>CO5</b>	<b>Evaluate:</b> Evaluate the effectiveness of political systems in upholding democratic principles and protecting citizen rights, using comparative criteria.	<b>K5</b>
<b>CO6</b>	<b>Create:</b> Create comparative models or conceptual maps that synthesize institutional features and political dynamics across different countries.	<b>K6</b>