Course	Discipline Specific Core
Semester	IV
Paper Number	MBTCR4081T
Paper Title	MOLECULAR BIOLOGY
No. of Credits	6
Theory/Composite	Theory
No. of periods assigned	5 Theory + 1Tutorial
Course description/objective	<ol> <li>Students will be introduced to the major biological processes – replication, transcription and translation, in prokaryotic and eukaryotic systems.</li> <li>Students will also be made familiar with DNA damage and repair mechanisms.</li> <li>The course aims to impart knowledge about the mechanisms and regulation of prokaryotic transcription.</li> <li>The course aims to impart knowledge about the mechanisms and regulation of eukaryotic transcription.</li> <li>The course aims to impart knowledge about the mechanisms and regulation of eukaryotic transcription.</li> <li>The course aims to impart knowledge about the mechanisms and regulation of prokaryotic transcription.</li> <li>The course aims to impart knowledge about the mechanisms and regulation of prokaryotic and eukaryotic translation.</li> </ol>
	6. Students would be made familiar with DNA structure and
Syllabus	replication. Module A: (25 Marks)
	<ul> <li>DNA Replication</li> <li>UNIT I:</li> <li>DNA structure and replication: DNA as genetic material; Structure of DNA - DNA supercoiling – linking number, negative and positive supercoiling, topoisomerases; Replication of DNA in prokaryotes - Semiconservative nature of DNA replication, Bidirectional replication, DNA polymerases, Replication complex - preprimming proteins, primosome, replisome, Rolling circle replication, Fidelity of replication.</li> <li>UNIT II: DNA damage repair by homologous recombination: Mechanism of recombination – Holliday intermediate; Recombinational repair of damaged replication forks and of double stranded breaks.</li> <li>No. of Classes: 2 /week</li> </ul>
	Module B: (55 Marks)Gene expression and its regulationUNIT III: Transcription and translation in prokaryotes:
	<ul> <li>Prokaryotic RNA polymerase, role of sigma factor, promoter, Initiation, elongation and termination of RNA chains, Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes: Operon concept (inducible and repressible system) Translation in prokaryotes: RNA structure and types of RNA, Genetic code and its characteristics, Prokaryotic and eukaryotic translation: ribosome structure and assembly, Charging of tRNA, aminoacyl tRNA synthetases, Mechanism of initiation, elongation and termination of polypeptides, Fidelity of translation, Inhibitors of translation.</li> <li>UNIT IV: Transcription and translation in eukaryotes: Eukaryotic</li> </ul>
	RNA polymerases, transcription factors, promoters, enhancers and silencers, mechanism of transcription initiation, formation of preinitiation complex, promoter clearance and elongation,

	enhancers and silencers, Activator/Coactivator interaction. Translation in eukaryotes: mechanism of translation initiation, regulation of translation.
Dandings	No. of Classes: 4 Classes per week including tutorial1. Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry - Cox & Nelson.
Readings	0 I
	2. Molecular Biology – Weaver.
	3. Biochemistry - Voet and Voet.
	4. Biochemistry Berg – Tymoczko & Stryer.
Evaluation	Continuous Internal Assessment: 20 marks
	End- Semester Theory Examination: 80 marks
Paper Structure for End Sem	Module A (25 marks)
Theory	Q.1. Compulsory – 10 marks
	Q.2. – Q.3. – Any one – 15 marks
	Sub-parts will not be less than 1 and not more than 5. Module B (55
	Marks)
	Fifteen objective questions $-1 \ge 15$ marks Subjective four questions 10 marks each i.e., $4 \ge 10 = 40$