ensure proper management of transactions 2. analyse various concurrency control techniques 3. recognize the importance of recovery and discover various solutions to recover from failure 4. learn about various means to optimize a query 5. discover the benefits of distributed databases and learn about the applications in real world scenarios 6. understand the technical and functional differences between a transactional database and a historical database 7. realize the different design paradigms to deal with data warehouse 8. conceptualize the algorithms to process data from a data warehouse 9. comprehend association between a data warehouse and data mining Syllabus Theory - 60 marks Transaction Management and Concurrency Control: States of Transaction, ACID properties, consistency model, storage model, cascading rollback, recoverable schedules. Concurrency: Schedules, testing for serializability, Lock-based protocols-Two-phase locking protocol, Timestamp based protocol, optimistic techniques, deadlock handling. Recovery: Failure classification, storage hierarchy, log-based recovery, shadow paging. Query processing and optimization: Steps of query processing, query interpretation, equivalence of expression, estimation of cost, join strategies Distributed Database: Principles of distributed database, levels of distribution transparency, data fragmentation, replication and allocation techniques. Data warehouses Go Data Warehouse Architecture. Data Warehouse Schema: Star, Snowflake, Fact Constellation. Data Marehouse Schema: Star, Snowflake, Fact Conste	SEMESTER	1
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Reading/Reference Lists	1. Elmasri,Navathe,Fundamentals of Database System,3/e,Pearson Education
	2. Korth, Silberschatz :Database System Concepts, McGrawHill
	3. Ceri and Pelagatti, Distributed Databases: Principles and System: McGrawHill
	4. "Data Mining: Concepts and techniques", J Han and M Kamber, Third Edition, Elsivier
Evaluation	Total – 100 (Theory – 60, Practical – 40)
	Theory – CIA – 10 Semester Examination – 50